

Adult Learning Opportunity Next Steps with the Bible: Going Deeper and Growing Stronger

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Oct 23: Understanding Biblical Narratives: How the Stories Unfold

1. Review of Week 5: Letters

 Letters are direct 	instruction and	l exhortation	from the	apostolic	circle for	specific	church
situations.							

 The "body" of a letter contains a logical "argument" that needs to be contextually analyze Outline of Jude 	d.

2. How we got biblical narratives

- · God acted in history and his people responded.
- Believers told of God's acts orally and in writing for the faithful community (Luke 1:1-4).
- Those who told of God's acts interpreted their significance for the community.
- Narratives faithfully represent what actually happened.
- These records *creatively* portray the *so what?* of what happened.

3. Literary Narrative vs. Historical Chronicle

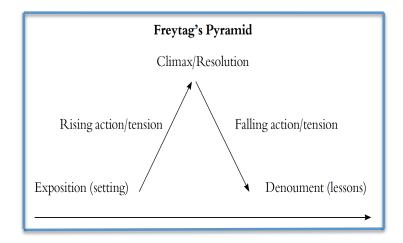
- Selective not comprehensive (relevance for audience)
- How it happened not just that it happened (information designed for transformation)
- Readers should be actively engaged *participants* in the event, not a passive *observers* standing apart from the story.
 - Empathy: Hebrews 12:1 and "so great a cloud of witnesses"

4. Characteristics of Literary Narratives

- · Point of View
 - The author tells the story from his/her worldview and purposes.
- Characterization
 - Major characters are portrayed as protagonist(s) and antagonist(s).
- · Plot
 - Episodes tend to portray rising suspense, a key moment, and the resolution of the issue.

5. "The Plot Thickens": A Common Pattern of Narrative

- Story-plots typically build suspense until the protagonist comes to a test.
 - In a comedy, the protagonist passes the test ("and they all lived happily ever after"?)
 - In a tragedy, the protagonist fails the test (but there is always another test tomorrow).



6. Examples

· The B	Bible	taken	αs	α	whol	le
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· Ruth

· Esther

• The calming of the storm (Matt 8/Mark 4/Luke 8)*

• The parable of the Sower/Seed/Soil (Matt 13/Mark 4/Luke 8)



Sanctify them through your truth; your word is truth. (John 17:17)

^{*} For details go to http://mathaytes.blogspot.com/2011/08/bible-study-tips-use-plot-diagrams.html