

# **Next Steps with the Bible**

Going Deeper and Growing Stronger

Week 8: Understanding Jesus' Parables





For my thoughts, are not your thoughts, neither are your ways my ways, declares the Lord.

For as the heavens are higher than the earth,

so are my ways higher

than your ways and my thoughts than your thoughts.

Isaiah 55:8-9



### 1. Review of Week 7: Poetry

- Prose and poetry: Vive la différence!
  - Imaginative use of metaphor (comparison)
- Pairing/parallelism not rhyme: ". . . what's more . . ."
- What do you think/how do you feel when you read . . .
  - Every night I flood my bed with tears;
    I drench my couch with my weeping. (Ps 6:6 ESV)
  - Does anyone know where the love of God goes when the waves turn the minutes to hours?
     The searchers all say she'd have made Whitefish Bay if she'd put 15 more miles behind her. (Lightfoot)
- Poetic speech in Jude?







### 2. What is a parable?

- A parable is an extended or narrative simile
  - The kingdom of heaven is like . . . (Matt 13:24 ff.; 20:1; 25:1 etc.)
- A parable is an earthly story with a heavenly meaning.
- Jesus' parables are drawn from the real world of first century Palestine, but with occasional hyperbolic elements.







### 3. Where do we find parables in the Bible?

- Matthew, Mark, Luke (about 30 in all)
  - https://www.jesuschristsavior.net/Parable.html
- John 10:1-5; 15:1-4?
- Old Testament
  - Jdg 9:7-15; 2 Sam 12:1-4; Isa 5:1-7; Ezek 17)







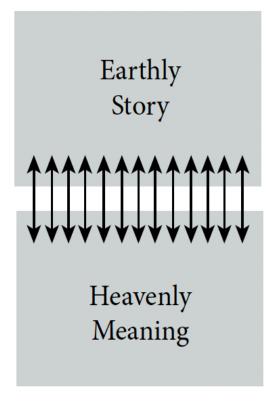
#### 4. How do we interpret parables?

- Historical context: ancient culture and customs
- Literary context: how does the parable contribute to the episode in which it occurs?
- Parables have their own plot, characters, point of view, suspense, crisis, resolution.
- To what extent do we press the **details**?

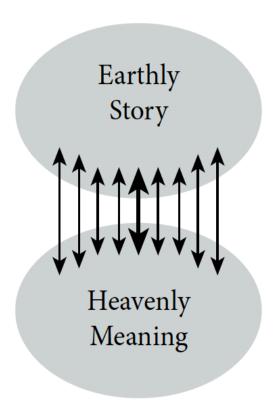




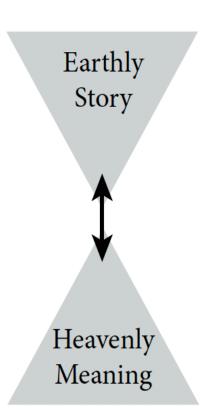
# Three Ways of Interpreting Parables



Alegorizing: Every Detail Matters



Contextual Flexibility



One Main Point: The Moral of the Story

#### 6. Worksheet: Luke 18:9-14 (observations, interpretive questions, correlated Scriptures, and application)

Read the parable a few times. Literary context? Cultural setting? Plot, characters, tension? Correlate Luke 3:12; 5:27-30; 7:29; 34; 15:1; 19:2 on tax collectors and 1 Sam 2:7; Ezek 21:26; Matt 23:12; Luke 14:11; Jas 4:10; 1 Pet 5:6 on pride and humility. What's the main point?

#### **NLT ESV** NIV <sup>9</sup> To some who were confident of their own <sup>9</sup>He also told this parable to some who trusted <sup>9</sup> Then Jesus told this story to some who had in themselves that they were righteous, and righteousness and looked down on everyone else, great confidence in their own righteousness and treated others with contempt: 10 "Two men went Jesus told this parable: 10 "Two men went up to scorned everyone else: 10 "Two men went to the up into the temple to pray, one a Pharisee and the temple to pray, one a Pharisee and the other Temple to pray. One was a Pharisee, and the the other a tax collector. 11 The Pharisee. a tax collector. 11 The Pharisee stood by himself other was a despised tax collector. 11 The standing by himself, prayed thus: 'God, I thank and prayed: 'God, I thank you that I am not like Pharisee stood by himself and prayed this prayer: 'I thank you, God, that I am not like other people—robbers, evildoers, adulterers—or you that I am not like other men, extortioners, unjust, adulterers, or even like this tax collector. even like this tax collector. 12 I fast twice a week other people—cheaters, sinners, adulterers. I'm <sup>12</sup> I fast twice a week; I give tithes of all that I and give a tenth of all I get.' certainly not like that tax collector! 12 I fast get.' 13 But the tax collector, standing far off, twice a week, and I give you a tenth of my income. would not even lift up his eyes to heaven, but 13 "But the tax collector stood at a distance. He beat his breast, saying, 'God, be merciful to me, would not even look up to heaven, but beat his a sinner!' 14 I tell you, this man went down to his 13 "But the tax collector stood at a distance and breast and said, 'God, have mercy on me, a house justified, rather than the other. For dared not even lift his eyes to heaven as he sinner. everyone who exalts himself will be humbled, but prayed. Instead, he beat his chest in sorrow, the one who humbles himself will be exalted." saying, 'O God, be merciful to me, for I am a <sup>14</sup> "I tell you that this man, rather than the sinner.' 14 I tell you, this sinner, not the Pharisee, other, went home justified before God. For all returned home justified before God. For those those who exalt themselves will be humbled, and who exalt themselves will be humbled, and those those who humble themselves will be exalted." who humble themselves will be exalted."



# **Understanding Biblical Poetry**

### 4. So What? How does all this impact us? Information Transformation Action

**Accurate knowledge** 

**Wise values** 

**Missional Lifestyle** 

- We are richly blessed to have the Bible in our language, along with the freedom and opportunity to study and teach it.
  - Are we faithful stewards of this blessing?
- Jude saw his church's situation in continuity with Israel's history as the ongoing one people of God.
  - Do we read the OT like Jude did?
- Jude speaks frankly and clearly about dangerous teaching and its judgment.
  - Are we following Jude's example?







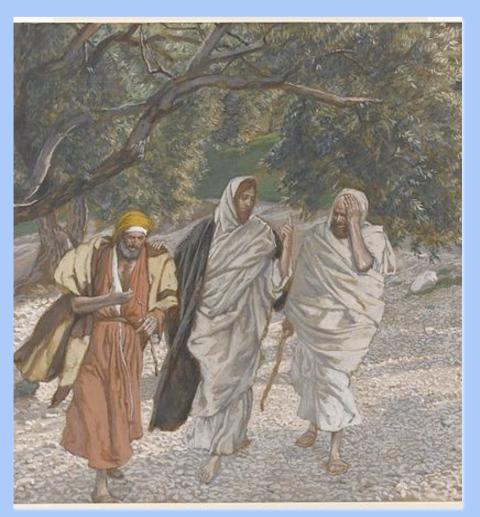
# **Understanding Biblical Poetry**

#### Luke 24

<sup>27</sup> And beginning with Moses and all the Prophets, he explained to them what was said in all the Scriptures concerning himself. . . . <sup>32</sup> They asked each other, "Were not our hearts burning within us while he . . . opened the Scriptures to us?" . . .

<sup>44</sup> He said to them, ". . . **Everything must be fulfilled that is written about me** in the Law of Moses, the Prophets and the Psalms."

<sup>45</sup> Then he opened their minds so they could understand the Scriptures. <sup>46</sup> He told them, "This is what is written: The Messiah will suffer and rise from the dead on the third day, <sup>47</sup> and repentance for the forgiveness of sins will be preached in his name to all nations, beginning at Jerusalem. <sup>48</sup> You are witnesses of these things.



**James Tissot (1836-1902)** 



